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NAME-SURNAME: FAC. NO.:

DU

DATE: DURATION: 60 minutes

	PART I. GRAMMAR						
1.	I knew the answer, but I didn't press the buzzer quickly enough the prize.	5.					
	a) winningb) to winc) wind) being won	6 7					
2.							
		8					
3.	When I was at school, there was a girl in my class skin was so sensitive that she couldn't expose her skin to the sun even with cream on.	9					
	a) whob) whomc) whered) whose	10. When I was a child, I a flashlight to bed with me so that I read comics without my parents' permission.					
4.		 a) used to take / could b) would take / can c) would have taken / was able to d) used to take / can 					
	PART II. VO	CABULARY					
11	·						
12	. It is hard to tell the between a plasma television and LCD just by looking because they are both flat and thin.	15. Computers people to keep up with the changes and new developments throughout the					
	a) identityb) consequence	world. a) avoid					
	c) distance d) difference	b) makec) manage					
13	.	d) enable					
14	·						

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 16. A: B: I was, till you woke me up! A: Well, you'd better get up; it's almost noon! B: In that case, you should bring me a cup of coffee first! 	20
 a) Why aren't you getting ready for lunch? b) Was the alarm clock set before you went to bed last night? c) Are you still sleeping? d) Aren't you going to prepare lunch? 	
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PART V. READING

Text 1 Read the text below and answer the questions.

Europe is considered to be one of the world's seven continents. Europe is bordered by Asia to the east, the Arctic Ocean and other bodies of water to the north, the Atlantic Ocean to the west, the Mediterranean Sea to the south, and the Black Sea to the southeast. Europe is the world's second-smallest continent in terms of surface area.

Europe has approximately 50 states. Russia is the largest by both area and population (although the country has territory in both Europe and Asia), while the Vatican City is the smallest. Europe is the third-most populous continent after Asia and Africa. With a population of around 740 million, Europe makes up about 11% of the world's population.

Due to the large number of countries in Europe, it is not surprising that a wide variety of languages are spoken. Most of the European languages fall into one of four main groups: the Romance languages, the Germanic languages, the Baltic languages, and the Slavic Languages. The European continent has 23 official languages. While having the majority of its vocabulary descended from Romance languages, the English language is classified as a Germanic language.

- **26.** Which statement is true about Europe's population?
 - a) Russia has the largest population in Europe.
 - **b)** Europe's population is larger than Africa's or Asia's.
 - **c)** Vatican City contains 11% of Europe's population.
 - **d)** Europe is the second-smallest continent in terms of population.

27.

- **28.** Which language group is English related to?
 - a) Romance
 - b) Germanic
 - c) Baltic
 - d) Slavic

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30.

Text 2 Read the text below and answer the questions.

Dear Mr. Phillips,

I am writing to let you know about an unfortunate experience I had in your Stoughton store on September 28. Recently I've been having trouble sleeping, so I decided to buy a new bed for my home. I went to your store, and after looking at several beds, I found one that I really liked. Even better, it was marked "70% off" on the price tag.

When I tried to purchase the bed, I was told by the store manager that the "70% off" tag was a mistake, and that the sale that this tag referred to had already ended. I asked him if I could still have the discount, and he said no. He told me that I had to realize that it wasn't his fault that one of his employees forgot to remove the sale tag from the bed.

This made me feel uncomfortable, so I left. I ended up going to Johnson Brothers' Furniture in Quincy and buying a new bed, and now I'm getting a great sleep.

Personally, I don't think that your Stoughton store manager treats your customers very well, and I thought you should know. If want to reach me, my phone number is listed below.

Sincerely,

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Susanna Lipton

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Text 3

Read the text below and answer the questions.

We have all heard expressions like seeing red or feeling blue. These expressions describe human emotions by using a colour. But does colour actually have an effect on our emotions?

Colour perception is controlled by the human brain—not by the eye. The eyes see a colour and then signals are sent to the brain. Our brains then tell us how we feel emotionally about each colour.

In general, certain colours create a certain type of emotional response, or feeling. Strangely, a colour such as green, which in nature might create a feeling of relaxation and peace, can have the opposite effect when used to talk about things like a person's face or an egg. Our cultural background, expectations, and past experiences can all change our perception of colour.

People who work in marketing use these emotional responses to colour when they plan a new advertising campaign, or design a package for a new product. Marketers are very careful to use colours that consumers feel good about to sell their product.

For example, the colour red usually causes a strong emotional response in a consumer. Marketers often use red in their designs to cause people to make quick decisions. That is why you often see the buttons 'Buy Now' or 'Click Here' in red on Internet banners and websites.

Blue, on the other hand, carries with it a feeling of cleanliness and trust. That is why we often see the colour blue used in advertising for services related to cleanliness, such as water filters and cleaning liquids, or products such as high-tech items that should create a feeling of dependability.

The next time you walk through your local supermarket, pay attention. Can you see how the use of colour on the various products might affect your decision to buy them or not? That is your emotional response to colour in action.

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THE END.	ı